

WAR ON PARALYSIS SHOWING RESULTS

Continued from First Page.

ent they will have their headquarters in the Department of Health under the direction of Dr. Lavinier. These men will devote themselves to the study of the problem as to how the disease is transmitted. They will investigate the question as to how long a person who has been exposed to the disease and has the germs in his nose and throat remains ineffective. We also must ascertain how long a person who has had the disease still retains the germs.

"Our research work will extend in many ways. We will make a study of germs, such as rats, mice and insects, and see if they are carriers. We also will study the germs in the blood and in the organs of the body. We will go into the problem as to whether the germs may be transmitted through the clothes of infected children. I myself do not believe that germs are carried in foods."

Dr. Rucker said he was not convinced yet that there is an extensive international spread of the disease. "We are, however, making a nationwide study of the disease," he said. "Before I left Washington yesterday I sent out hundreds of telegrams to the state health commissioners asking for reports on the number of cases of infantile paralysis and other diseases connected with the disease. After the compilation of these data we shall be able to make some definite statement."

Another part of Dr. Emerson's campaign for cleanliness was taken up yesterday by the Police Department. Every member of the uniformed force was ordered to watch for violations of the sanitary regulations. The work of enforcing the rules was begun yesterday, acting Police Commissioner Godley calling on the members of the Home Defense League for aid.

Home Defense League's Part.

There was between 10,000 and 20,000 members of the league who volunteered for training, so that in an event of any crisis in the city, such as an earthquake, a conflagration or an attack, they would be available for police duty. Commissioner Godley's plan is to have each patrolman accompanied on his beat by a member of the league. The two will be on the alert for uncovered garbage cans, for fire escapes heaped with refuse and for other violations of sanitary ordinances.

Commissioner Godley will ask the members of the league to work for only an hour a day. There are about 3,000 patrolmen on duty. For every 100 and 400 M. but if every member of the league does an hour's work, much ground can be covered thoroughly and within a few days a thorough inspection of the city will have been made. This will be the first call for the Home Defense League and will serve as an excellent test.

The work of making residents of the city up to date on the use of soap and water began early yesterday. Police officers were on the watch all day and they served more than 500 summonses on janitors of tenement houses, proprietors of candy shops, small restaurants and the like. Drivers got similar calls to court for failure to clean up after their dogs on the streets when feeding their pets. Milk men were caught in the net when emptying milk cans into the gutter.

The Street Cleaning Commissioner, John T. Fetherston, announced yesterday that he will keep his staff working today on the streets, flushing them and clearing away garbage and ash cans. Accompanying the foremen of the gangs will be two picked policemen who will obtain information from the white wings as to unclean and unsanitary places on private premises. Then more summonses will be served.

Flushing Infected Districts.

Commissioner Fetherston said yesterday that owing to a shortage of water in Brooklyn in June he had been able to keep only ten gangs at work flushing the streets. He said, however, that he now has forty gangs in the infected districts.

Dr. Emerson said that Commissioner Fetherston had called him up and offered to do anything that the Health Commissioner wished. "The trouble in Brooklyn," said Dr. Emerson, "seems to be that we can't reach some of the people there to keep their sidewalks clean." Lucius P. Browne, chief of the food and drug bureau of the Health Department, has six-five experts at work in the East Side and parts of Brooklyn, watching the vendors of ice cream, the bakeries, confectionery shops and the small restaurants.

"One thing that we have stopped," said Chief Browne, "is the careless manner in which these vendors of lemonade take the liquid run through their fingers back into the bowl when they are serving buyers. We have made them pour the entire bowl out and we have cautioned them that they will be taken into court if they are doing such a thing again. This instance is typical of the work throughout the city."

Dr. Emerson said yesterday that his mind was relieved by the fact that the Kingston Avenue Hospital in Brooklyn, with 301 cases, was full and that no more patients would be received there and that all new cases would be transferred to the Willard Parker Hospital in Manhattan. That institution now has 129 babies. Through the organization of a special committee, headed by Dr. S. S. Goldwater, former Health Commissioner, many hospitals have been visited and their cooperation obtained for handling cases should the Willard Parker Hospital become crowded.

Swinburne Island Offered.

Dr. L. E. Cofer, Health Officer of the Port, offered to Dr. Emerson accommodations for twenty cases at Swinburne Island. His offer was accepted and yesterday cases on Staten Island were transferred to that hospital.

Dr. Emerson said that should it be deemed necessary to use the Hospital for Contagious Diseases on Ellis Island it was likely that the nurses for it would be supplied by the American Red Cross.

Dr. E. J. Birmingham of the New York Throat, Nose and Ear Hospital offered its annex at Fifty-seventh street. There is room for forty children. Dr. Birmingham said he would supply the nurses and the doctors. Other hospitals which have volunteered are Mount Sinai, Orthopedic, Presbyterian, Lebanon, Bellevue, Brooklyn, Long Island, German, Old Orthodox and the Baby. Dr. Emerson said these institutions will furnish accommodations for at least 200. Dr. Robert J. Wilson, who has charge of the doctors in the Red Cross, said he had received offers from eight more doctors. Dr. Emerson said that fifteen doctors had been certified by the Civil Service Commission for appointment as sanitary inspectors and he expected to have those men at work by to-morrow morning. More nurses also have offered their aid.

Exodus Greater Than Ever.

The exodus of children from the city was heavier yesterday than any day during the week. Estimates at different railroad stations estimated that 25,000 children were taken out of the city. More than 4,000 children left by the Grand Central. At the New York, Ontario and Western 3,000 little ones were seen going aboard trains. More than 3,000 left by the Pennsylvania.

Thousands of parents, too poor to heed the advice of the Health Department to take children out of town, took the trip to Coney Island yesterday in the belief that there they would be almost as healthy as the countryside.

Seaside Park, the beach at the foot of the Boulevard, the Manhattan Beach sea wall and the private beaches were jammed with family parties, children

predominating. Most of the amusement places were closed to children, in accordance with the edict of License Commissioner Bell, but it was noticed that attempts to take children into the movie picture places were relatively few.

While Coney Island has had its cases of infantile paralysis, there have only numbered six in a summer population of 25,000.

Of the 95 cases discovered yesterday, 74 were in Brooklyn, 12 in Manhattan, 2 in The Bronx, 1 in Queens and 6 in Richmond. There were 13 deaths in Brooklyn, 2 in Manhattan, 3 in Queens, Dr. Emerson said that the new cases were not cropping up in the new areas, but were confined almost entirely to the old infected districts. He regarded that as a good sign.

Dr. Martin M. Garrick, formerly of the United States Public Health Service in Texas, volunteered his services yesterday. He has had much experience with the disease, having been through one epidemic in Texas in 1912, where there were thousands of cases in three months. One of the bits of advice which he gave yesterday was:

"Keep your nose clean and your mouth shut."

Movie Licenses in Danger.

Dr. Emerson, whose inspectors have been making an inspection of the sanitary condition of certain motion picture theatres in Brooklyn, requested George H. Bell, Commissioner of Licenses, to recall several movie licenses. The commissioner said that his men had found conditions that warranted such action.

It is likely that there will be few children at Sunday schools in the city today, and several churches decided not to hold sessions. Among those in Brooklyn are the Bushwick Central M. E. Church, the West Street M. E. Church and the Sixth Avenue M. E. Church.

More cases of the disease were reported in New Jersey yesterday. Hoboken announced its first case. Paterson reported two more. Newark authorities found six more, making a total of twenty-two for that city. The Health Commissioner of that city requested practically all the churches and Sunday schools to remain closed. Two more cases were found in Jersey City. There is one case in Bloomington.

MUCH AID FROM U. S.

Kills Island for Hospital—Red Cross to Send Nurses.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Further steps were taken today by the Federal authorities to cooperate with the New York city officials in their fight against infantile paralysis.

Congress passed a resolution placing at the disposal of the New York authorities the hospital and other facilities at Ellis Island.

Miss Jane Delano, head of the nurses' department of the American Red Cross, will leave for New York to-morrow to take personal charge of the direction of Red Cross work.

The Secretary of Agriculture lifted the quarantine on a shipment of monkeys from the Philippines. The monkeys are to be used by the Rockefeller Institute in tracing the disease germ.

The United States Public Health Service received scores of reports from different parts of the country in regard to the epidemic.

Senators and Representatives said today that on Monday money will be appropriated by Congress to finance a campaign against the disease if necessary.

Assistant Surgeon General Rucker, who is in New York in consultation with the health authorities there, is expected to leave for Washington some time to-morrow. Just as soon as he reports it will be determined what additional steps are necessary to be taken by the Federal Government to stamp out the disease.

Fear Rigid Quarantine.

Fear is expressed by Public Health Service officials that some of the States and cities will go to extremes in establishing inspection and quarantine rules against travelers from New York, and they will officially advise these State and city authorities to go slowly until the Federal and State officials in New York city in particular have finished their conferences. It is pointed out that at this season the traveling public and particularly these persons accompanied by children could be put to much inconvenience and trouble by drastic regulations enforced at State lines.

The resolution for the use of Ellis Island, the Federal immigrant station, was put through the Senate practically without discussion. Its consideration in the House occupied a few minutes. Slight objection was made to the resolution, as there seemed to be a feeling that the use of the island should be confined to children.

Feared Spread of Disease.

Representative Howard, Georgia, Democrat, was at first disposed to object to the resolution. He made the point that physicians knew little about the disease and that the use of the building at Ellis Island, the biggest immigration station, for patients suffering with infantile paralysis might eventually result in a general epidemic throughout the country. He suggested that germs might be left at Ellis Island and communicated to aliens bound for practically every section of the country.

Representative Steel replied that the city of New York needed the building and that the resolution which he had offered was prepared by the Secretary of Labor, who had jurisdiction over the immigration station. Other speakers, among them Representative Mann, the Republican leader, suggested that it was the duty of the Federal Government to extend all possible aid to New York in checking the spread of infantile paralysis.

Miss Delano on her arrival in New York may summon by telegraph Red Cross nurses from other parts of the State or nearby States if they are needed. She may also issue a call for volunteers from the ranks of Red Cross physicians.

MANY STATES FIND INFANT PARALYSIS

Massachusetts Reports 10 and
Puts Camp of New York-
ers Under Ban.

Boston, July 8.—Boston is without trace of infantile paralysis and only six cases had been reported officially in the State up to noon today. The cases reported were scattered, not more than one being noted in any place. None was connected with the New York epidemic. Unofficial reports of other cases increased the number in this State to ten. The State health officials have taken vigorous precautions against the spread of the disease. A camp at North Stockbridge to which children from New York are sent has been placed under quarantine and a request made that it be discontinued.

LAWRENCE, Mass., July 8.—The Board of Health announced today that one case of infantile paralysis had been discovered here. The patient, a boy, has been under observation since July 4 and his condition was said to be serious.

FALL RIVER, Mass., July 8.—One case of infantile paralysis is under treatment in this city. The Health Department reported that it was a strictly local case.

Worcester, Mass., July 8.—One case of infantile paralysis has been reported by the Board of Health.

Haverhill, Mass., July 8.—A case of infantile paralysis was reported here today. The origin could not be traced, it was stated, as the family of the child afflicted has been in this city for several months.

COLUMBUS, July 8.—To forestall an infantile paralysis epidemic in Ohio the State Board of Health has sent notices to all municipal and township health officers advising them to take immediate measures.

There are known to be only five cases of the disease in Ohio. Two are in Cleveland, one in Toledo, one in Bellefontaine and one in Columbus. The Ohio cases, the board reported today, are the result of a mild form of the disease prevailing in the East. Motion picture houses and Sunday schools will be closed to children if the situation becomes menacing.

Findlay, Ohio, July 8.—Lucille, two-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. Hoerner, died here today of infantile paralysis. She was ill two days. Five physicians joined in the diagnosis. Stringent quarantine has been established.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 8.—Two cases of infantile paralysis were reported to the State Department of Health today, making a total of eight in the State. One of the new cases is in Middletown and the other in South Bethlehem. There are now three cases in the latter town.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 8.—Sixteen known cases of infantile paralysis are in Illinois. It was announced to-night that six new cases having been reported today. Chicago has four cases, East St. Louis three, Blue Island two, Standard two, and Streator, Oregon, Gibson City, Christy and Granville one each.

St. Louis, July 8.—Physicians of the Health Department today began examining all children arriving here from the East because of infantile paralysis. In every case where a child had a temperature of more than 100 it was placed under observation.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 8.—Health authorities quarantined today a suspected case of infantile paralysis in a four-year-old girl who arrived from New York city June 30 with her mother. The California Board of Health plans to inaugurate an inspection of trains from the East.

Newport, R. I., July 8.—The third case of infantile paralysis in this city was reported today. Of the two children found with the disease last week

one has been discharged as cured. The case which was said to have come from Boston actually originated in Cambridge, Mass.

MADISON, Wis., July 8.—Six cases of infantile paralysis in Wisconsin have been reported thus far this month. One death was reported from Menasha.

LOUISVILLE, July 8.—One case of infantile paralysis was discovered here today. The patient, a child of 2, was isolated after a diagnosis by three physicians.

WINFIELD, Kan., July 8.—Byron Nichols, 3 years old, son of Harry Nichols, who was stricken with infantile paralysis last Sunday, died today. No other case has been reported.

PITTSBURGH, July 8.—The single case of infantile paralysis in this city—that of James Pratt, 8 months old, of 434 Second avenue—is improving, according to Dr. R. G. Burns, acting director of the Department of Health.

BALTIMORE, July 8.—Dr. Thomas Brashaw has reported to the State Board of Health that a case of infantile paralysis has developed at Glenburnie, Anne Arundel county. Dorothy Shon, 3 years old, daughter of the Rev. John Shon, pastor of the Lutheran Church, is the victim. This is the second case in this county.

BALTIMORE, Ill., July 8.—Two cases of infantile paralysis were reported here today.

DR. STOREY TO TRAIN PUPILS.

Professor at City College Selected to Enforce the New Law.

Dr. Thomas A. Storey, professor of hygiene at the College of the City of New York, will be State Inspector for Physical Training under the new law prescribing that sort of education for every pupil in the State over 8 years of age. His appointment was announced yesterday by Dr. John H. Finley as a member of the recently designated Military Training Commission.

The commission will work out a system of drilling the school children will be members of the University of the State of New York will administer it. Dr. Storey will assist the commission in framing recommendations and will have the immediate direction of the programme that is adopted.

Dr. Finley said yesterday:

"It is understood that a broad interpretation of physical training will be made, such, for instance, as will fit young men for the duties of citizenship in times of peace or times of war. This is directly in line with the recommendations of the National Education Association."

Dr. Storey is a graduate of Stanford University, where he formerly was assistant professor of hygiene, and of the Harvard medical school. His work for the past ten years in directing the City College gymnasium and teaching hygiene has given him a national reputation.

The Military Training Commission will have a meeting in Albany to-morrow.

GARBAGE FIGHT "ONLY BEGUN."

Richmond Women Send Out Orators in Motor Cars to Call to Service.

Automobiles signalled across Staten Island yesterday afternoon and last night containing members of the Women's Anti-Garbage League and their orators, the cars stopping wherever a crowd could be gathered so the league's leaders could tell Richmond borough the fight against establishing a garbage disposal plant on Lake Island "had just begun."

Justice Croesey's refusal to uphold two injunctions sought by the Richmond vigilance committee had acted merely as a spur to renewed efforts, said the orators. They displayed a new petition to Gov. Whitman containing 25,000 signatures, in which the Governor is apprised of the possibilities of the spread of infantile paralysis if garbage scows come to the island.

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On Saturdays during July and August the Store will be closed all day

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made of the desirable washable materials for Summer wear, will be on sale to-morrow and Tuesday at the remarkably low prices of

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Included in this Sale will be

Women's Cotton Garden Smocks

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the residue of several special assortments. These Frocks, all in simple, attractive styles, are now marked at

\$7.75, \$8.75 & \$9.75

Separate Cotton Skirts

are offered at the greatly reduced prices of

\$2.25, \$3.50 & \$4.25

(Third Floor, Madison Avenue section)

Bathing Costumes

in a number of styles (all including combination) are now being offered in the Department on the Third Floor at prices that insure a considerable saving.

Women's and Misses' Bathing Costumes
Of silk \$10.00 & 12.75
Of mohair 4.75

Juniors' and Children's Bathing Costumes
Of mohair \$2.75

Also Children's Bathing Suits

Of wool jersey, at the reduced price of \$2.00

Women's Milanese Silk Gloves

Mousquetaire, Sixteen-button Length,

in white or black, white stitched with black, or black stitched with white, will be specially priced to-morrow at

75c. per pair

A Reduction Sale of Striped Cotton Sports Skirtings

for to-morrow (Monday) will consist of a large assortment of fine Cotton Gabardines and light-weight Cotton Ducks, offering remarkable values at

25c., 48c. & 60c. per yard

Women's Ready-to-wear Department (Third Floor)

Women's Silk Sports Skirts

made of striped tub silks of fine quality, will offer exceptional value to-morrow at

\$15.75

Sweaters for Women and Misses

A number of new and highly distinctive models have been added to the already large and varied collection of Sweaters in stock. The diversity of styles, colors and color combinations is most unusual, many exclusive novelties being included.

A Special Offering for to-morrow
will consist of

Women's and Misses' Fibre Sweaters (artificial silk)

in such desirable colors as azure, rose and watermelon pink, as well as in white-and-black combination, the latter giving a two-toned effect; very exceptionally priced

at \$9.75

A Sale of Bed Furnishings, Table Linens, Etc.

will afford most attractive price advantages for to-morrow and Tuesday.

White Blankets (Summer-weight)

per pair \$4.75

Dimity Bedspreads (plain hems)

Size 72 x 100 each \$1.25

Size 90 x 100 each 1.50

Muslin Sheets

With plain hems each 80c. to \$1.25

Hemstitched each \$1.20 & 1.35

Muslin Pillow Cases

With plain hem each 20c. to 30c.

Hemstitched each 28c., 32c. & 35c.

Linen Damask Table Cloths

each \$2.40, 3.00, 3.75 & 4.50

Linen Damask Napkins

per dozen 3.35, 3.75 & 4.25

Turkish Bath Towels (hemmed)

per dozen \$2.40, 3.00 & 4.20

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taken from the regular stock, will provide an exceptional offering for to-morrow at

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